

Date of FISPD: 02/02/2023



SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: ULTRACEM 52.5 N

SYNONYMS: Portland cement, Ordinary Portland Cement.

PRODUCT CODES: CEM | 52.5 N

MANUFACTURER:

ENTITY: Cimentos da Beira

ADDRESS: Rua Krus Gomess, Munhava, Beira - Sofala

EMERGENCY PHONE: +258 87 100 0551 /+258 87 100 1453 Ozias Gomes

MAIN LINE: +258 87 100 0550 Reception

CHEMICAL NAME: Portland Cement CHEMICAL FAMILY: Calcium compounds

Silicates

Iron compounds (ferrites)

Aluminium compounds (aluminates).

QUALITY

Cement Type	Naming	Clinker (%)	Limestone (%)	Gypsum [Calcium Sulphate Hydrated] (%)		
CEM I 52.5 N	Portland Cement	95-97	N/A	3-5		

CHEMICAL ABSTRUCT NUMBER (CAS #): 65997-15-1

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:

Clinker 80-94%

Limestone N/A CaCO₃

Gypsum 3-5% CaSO₄.2H₂O

T.PR.LAB.013/R0 Page **1/4**



Clinkar Components	CAS#	Abbreviature	Specification				
<u>Clinker Components</u>			<u>Unit</u>	Min	Max	Preferred	Chemical formula
Calcium oxide	CAS # 1305-78-8	CaO	%	62	66	65	CaO
Tricalcium silicate	CAS # 12168-85-3	C₃S	%	55	65	59	3CaO.SiO ₂
Dicalcium silicate	CAS # 1003-77-2	C₂S	%	16	24	17	2CaO.SiO ₂
Tricalcium aluminate	CAS # 12042-78-3	C ₃ A	%	6	9	5,2	3CaO.Al ₂ O ₃
Aluminoferrite of tetra calcium	CAS # 12068-35-84	C4AF	%	7	11	11	CaO.Al ₂ O ₃ .Fe ₂ O ₃

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Dust act as a skin and respiratory irritant. Dust and wet cement cause serious eye irritation. Long term exposure may lead to contact dermatitis.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Skin, eye, mouth and nose.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Exposure to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation of the eyes. Depending on the level of exposure, effects may range from redness to chemical burns and blindness.

SKIN: The hazards of wet cement are due to its caustic, abrasive, and drying properties. Wet cement contacting the skin for a short period and then thoroughly washed off causes little irritation. But continuous contact between skin and wet cement allows alkaline compounds to penetrate and burn the skin.

INGESTION: Ingestion in a harmful quantity is very unlikely to occur.

INHALATION: Inhaling high levels of dust may occur in different situation. In the short term, such exposure irritates the nose and throat and causes choking and difficult breathing.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Wash eyes with large volumes of water. Seek medical attention.

SKIN: Wash with running water and neutral soap.

INGESTION: Ingestion in a harmful quantity is very unlikely to occur. If ingested drink plenty of water and consult a doctor immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

INHALATION: Remove exposed person to fresh air. Prolonged exposure at high dust concentration may cause a cough and phlegm.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

This product isn't combustible, use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

T.PR.LAB.013/R0 Page **2/4**



SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Personal precautions

Dust mask where Threshold Limit Value (TLV) is exceeded. Wear eye shielding. Any type of glove which prevents contact with the product.

Environmental precautions

Non-toxic in small quantities. Large quantities in water will lead to high pH values, up to 12,5. Aquatic life will be endangered.

The cement will harden, possibly forming a crust. It may dissolve slowly in acid conditions.

(i) Small spills

- (a) Containment Sweep up. Prevent dust becoming airborne.
- (b) Clean-up Sweep up. Prevent dust becoming airborne.

(ii) Large spills

- (a) Containment Sweep up. Prevent dust becoming airborne.
- (b) Clean up Sweep up. Prevent dust becoming airborne.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

During handling aerated cement has liquid properties which disperse after settlement.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits TWA OEL RL 5 mg/m³ respirable dust, 10 mg/m³ total inhalable dust. **Personal protection** Dust mask, safety glasses or goggles, gloves.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Properties

Fine grey. Particle size < 0.1 mm. Relative density 2.2 to 3.8 g/ml.

Melting point > 1500°C.

Alkalinity can exceed pH of 12 in water.

Chemical Properties

Cement chemistry is directly related to the proportions of silicates and aluminates. However, it does not pose any danger when not mixed with water.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable, but product will solidify over a period of hours if moistened or wet. Absorbs moisture from the air (hygroscopic) and solidifies over prolonged periods if not kept in a protected dry atmosphere.

T.PR.LAB.013/R0 Page **3/4**



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Dust acts on the skin as an irritant. Dust and wet cement cause serious eye irritation. Long-term exposure can lead to contact dermatitis. The silica particles present in cement dust cause silicosis, which is capable of long-term death. This disease causes lung disorders and can affect mainly civil construction workers.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Nontoxic in small quantities. Large quantities in water will lead to high pH values, up to 12.5. Aquatic life will be endangered. The cement will harden, possibly forming a crust. It may dissolve slowly in acid conditions.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Although not a listed RCRA hazardous waste, this material may exhibit one or more characteristics of a hazardous waste and require appropriate analysis to determine specific disposal requirements. Processing use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In terms of the <u>Código de Estrada (Decreto – Lei 1/2011) de 23 de Março</u> and Regulamento de Produção Transporte Comercialização e Garantia de Qualidade de Cimento Correntes (Decreto 28/2016) de 18 de Julho. The transport of cement in suitable bags to the storage site must be carried out in such a way as to preserve the quality of the cement provided for in NM NP EN 197-1 to avoid the rupture of the bags or the incidence of water in the cargo, in accordance with cargo transportation legislation.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

The MSDS for cement product is regulated by Decreto 28/2016 de 18 de Julho – Regulamento de Produção Transporte Comercialização e Garantia de Qualidade de Cimento Correntes.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Notice to ready

While the information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to provide a useful summary of the hazards of Portland cement as it is commonly used, the sheet cannot anticipate and provide all the information that might be needed in every situation. Inexperienced product users should obtain proper training before using this product. In particular, the data furnished in this sheet do not address hazards that may be posed by other materials mixed with Portland cement to produce Portland cement products. Users should review other relevant safety data sheets before working with Portland cement or working on Portland cement products, for example, Portland cement concrete.

T.PR.LAB.013/R0 Page **4/4**